First Quarter Report 2018

Report date : 15.05.2018

Issuer Name: S.C. ARTEGO S,A.

Headquarters: Tg. Jiu, Ciocirlau street no. 38, Gorj County.

Registration no.at ORC: J18/1120/1991

VAT: RO215748

Capital 22.390.413 lei

Trading market: BVB Market

This report shows:

1. the financial statements as of 31 March 2018, prepared according to IFRS,

namely:

-Situation of the financial position

- Overall result

- 2. explanatory notes;
- 3. Statement of changes in equity at 31.03.2018
- 4. Statement of cash flows at 31.03.2018

5. the economic and financial indicators mentioned in Annex 30 B of the RNSC Regulation no.1 / 2006

We mention that the financial information as of 31 March 2018 was not audited.

SC ARTEGO SA Tg-Jiu Individual Financial Statements SITUATION OF THE FINANCIAL POSITION AT 31.12.2017 and 31.03.2018

(Amounts are expressed in RON unless otherwise stated)

Name of indicators	31/12/2017	31/03/2018
ASSETS		
Fixed assets	49,483,635	48,902,392
Tangible assets	36,619,156	35,925,520
Intangible assets	12,864,479	12,976,872
Financial asse	, ,	, ,
Current assets	81,755,630	92,525,806
Stocks	46,697,480	42,924,692
Commercial receivables	28,428,173	36,924,954
Financial assets of which	14,397	14,397
available for sale	14,397	14,397
Cash and cash equivalents	6,294,132	12,339,438
Prepayments	321,448	322,325
TOTAL ASSETS	131,239,265	141,428,198
OWN CAPITAL AND LIABILITIES		
Own capitals		
Subscribed and paid-up share capital	24,873,443	22,390,413
Other equity items	936,592	922,214
Reserves from reevaluation	29,250,789	29,246,480
Legal reserves	4,974,689	4,974,689
Other reserves	16,492,991	12,023,072
Own actions	-6,952,949	-
Social Capital Adjustment	89,052,449	89,052,449
Reported result(without IAS 29)	1,198,729	7,337,201
Reported result(with IAS 29)	-89,052,449	-89,052,449
Current profit	6,134,163	1,569,114
Profit Distribution		
Total own capitals	76,908,447	78,463,183
long tarm daht		
Long-term debt Investment grants	310,594	218,447
Other long-term debts	7,639	7,656
Long-term provisions	7,039	7,050
Total long-term debt	318,233	226,103
Current debts		
Investment grants	354,727	357,499
Commercial and other debts	6,818,434	8,469,224
Short-term loans	41,956,398	48,589,483
Tax and current tax liabilities	4,883,026	5,322,706
Short-term provisions	, ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	, , ,
Total current debts	54,012,585	62,738,912
Total debts	54,330,818	62,965,015
TOTAL OWN CAPITALS AND DEBTS	131,239,265	141,428,198

SITUATION OF THE GLOBAL RESULT at 31 march 2018

Crt	NAME OF INDICATORS		31.03.2018
No.		31.03.2017	0110012010
1.	Net turnover of which	28.355.743	36.865.921
	Revenues from the sold production	27.777.813	36.232.226
	Revenues from the sale of goods	613.523	699.122
	Commercial discounts granted	35.593	65.427
2.	Revenues from stored production	9.165.236	364.693
3.	Revenues from the production of fixed assets	411.910	6.242
4.	Revenues from fixed assets intended for sale	-	192.951
5.	Other revenues from exploitation	338.705	419.986
I.	REVENUES FROM EXPLOITATION	38.271.594	37.849.793
6.	Expenditures on goods	541.569	637.202
7.	Material expenditures	24.363.710	22.623.168
8.	Expenditures on works and services performed by third parties	1.160.482	1.250.369
9.	Expenses with taxes and fees	289.080	404.721
10.	Staff costs	7.844.934	9.222.333
11.	Other expenses with exploitation	146.610	144.591
12.	Expenses with depreciation and provisions	1.169.691	1.203.908
II.	EXPENSES FOR EXPLOITATION	35.516.076	35.486.292
A.	RESULT FROM EXPLOITATION		
	- PROFIT	2.755.518	2.363.501
	- LOSS		
III.	FINANCIAL REVENUES	246.639	63.904
IV.	FINANCIAL EXPENSES	516.370	541.562
B.	FINANCIAL RESULT	-269.731	-477.658
V.	EXCEPTIONALREVENUES		
VI.	EXCEPTIONAL EXPENSES		
C.	EXCEPTIONAL RESULT (LOSS)		
VII.	TOTAL REVENUES	38.518.233	37.913.697
VIII	TOTAL EXPENSES	36.032.446	36.027.854
D.	GROSS RESULT		
	- PROFIT	2.485.787	1.885.843
	- LOSS		
	TAX	376.340	331.107
Е	REVENUES FROM BENEFIT FROM PROFIT	14.731	14.378
F.	NET RESULT		
	- PROFIT	2.124.178	1.569.114
	- LOSS		
G.	Number of shares	9.949.377	8.956.165
H.	Output per share	0,213	0,175

Notes to the financial statements For the financial year ended 31 March 2018

<u>1. The reporting entity</u>

SC ARTEGO SA TG-JIU, (Society) is established in 1991 and operates in Romania in accordance with the provisions of Law 31/1990 on the commercial companies and Law 297/2004 on the capital market.

The company is based in Ciocarlau Street, no. 38, Tg-Jiu, Gorj county.

According to the statute, the main activity of the company has the CAEN code 2219 - "Manufacture of other rubber products".

The record of the shares and the shareholders is kept under the conditions of the law by the Central Depository.

2. Basics of drawing up

(a) **Declaration of conformity**

The separate financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS") adopted by the European Union and in accordance with the provisions of OMFP 2844/2016 with subsequent amendments and completions.

The Company applies International Financial Reporting Standards as approved by the European Union at the preparation of the separate financial statements ended 31 March 2018, in accordance with OMF no. 881/2012. This order states that starting with the 2012 financial year, the annual financial statements will be drawn up in accordance with the IFRS, this order being applicable to the companies whose securities are admitted to trading on a regulated market.

The Company's accounting records are maintained in RON in accordance with the Romanian Accounting Regulations ("RCR"). These accounts have been restated to reflect the differences between RCR and IFRS accounts. Accordingly, RCR accounts were adjusted, if necessary, to harmonize these separate financial statements in all material respects, with IFRS.

(b) Presentation of the financial statements

The separate financial statements are presented in accordance with the requirements of IAS 1 "Presentation of Financial Statements".

(c) The basics of evaluation

The separate financial statements are carried at historical cost, except for certain classes of property, plant and equipment that are revalued. The share capital is adjusted according to the International Accounting Standard ("SIC") 29 ("Financial Reporting in Hyperinflationary Economies") until 31 December 2003.

The management believes that the Company will operate in the predictible future and, in the long run, the application of the business continuity principle in the preparation of the financial statements is considered appropriate. The separate financial statements are presented in accordance with the requirements of IAS 1 "Presentation of Financial Statements". The Company has adopted a liquidity-based presentation in the balance sheet and a presentation of income and expenses by nature in the profit and loss account, considering that these disclosures provide informations that is more credible and relevant than those that would be presented.

(d) Functional and presentation currency

The company's management considers that the functional currency, as defined by IAS 21 "Effects of Foreign Exchange Rates", is LEI or RON. The separate financial statements are presented in RON, rounded to the nearest leu, the currency that the company's management chosed as the presentation currency.

(e) Using estimates and judgments

The preparation of the financial statements in accordance with IFRS adopted by the European Union involves the management's use of estimates, judgments and assumptions that affect the application of accounting policies and the reported amount of assets, liabilities, income and expenses. The estimates and assumptions associated with these estimates are based on historical experience as well as on other factors considered reasonable in the context of these estimates. The results of these estimates form the basis of judgments relating to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities that can not be obtained from other sources of informations. The obtained results may differ from the values of the estimates.

The estimates and assumptions underlying them are periodically reviewed. The revisions of the accounting estimates are recognized in the period in which the estimate is reviewed if the review affects only that period or the period in which the estimate is reviewed and the future periods if the review affects both the current period and future periods.

The judgments made by management in the application of IFRS have a material effect on the financial statements and estimates that involve a significant risk.

3. Significant accounting policies

The accounting policies presented below have been applied consistently over all periods presented in these separate financial statements.

(a) Branches and associated entities

The subsidiaries are entities under the control of the company. The control exists when the company has the power to direct, directly or indirectly, the financial and operating policies of an entity to obtain benefits from its business. The associated entities are those companies in which the company may exert a significant influence, but not control over financial and operational policies.

The company does not have associated companies.

(b) Transactions in foreign currency

The operations denominated in foreign currency are recorded in RON at the official exchange rate at the settlement date of the transactions. The monetary assets and liabilities recorded in foreign currency at the balance sheet date are translated into the functional currency at the exchange rate on that day. The interests or losses from their settlement and from conversion using the exchange rate at the end of the month or at the end of the financial year, of monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currency are recognized in the income and loss statement.

<u>c) Financial Instruments</u> Financial risk management

The company is exposed to the following risks arising from financial instruments: market risk (interest rate risk and foreign exchange risk), credit risk and liquidity risk. The company's management focuses on the unpredictability of the financial market and seeks to minimize the potential adverse effects of the company's financial performance. The market risk is the risk that causes changes in market prices as well as currency exchange and interest rate that will affect the company's revenues.

The company has no formal commitments to combat financial risks. Despite the absence of formal commitments, the financial risks are monitored by the company's management, focusing on the society's needs to effectively address opportunities and threats.

Interest rate risk

The company's operating cash flows are affected by interest of the rate fluctuations, mainly due to the borrowing in foreign currency contacted by the financing banks.

The cash risk of the interest rate is the risk that the interest, and hence the expense, fluctuates.

Currency risk

The company may be exposed to the exchange rate fluctuations through cash and cash equivalents, trade receivables or trade payables denominated in foreign currency.

The currency used on the domestic market is the Romanian leu. The company is exposed to foreign currency cash and cash equivalents, purchases and borrowings made in a currency other than that used on the domestic market. The currencies that expose the company to this risk are mainly EUR, USD, and GBP. The foreign currency loans are subsequently denominated in RON, at the exchange rate of the banking day of each month, communicated by the National Bank of Romania. The resulting differences are included in the income and loss statement.

The credit risk

The credit risk is the risk that the company will incur a financial loss as a result of non-fulfillment of the contractual obligations by a client or a counterparty to a financial instrument, and this risk arises mainly from trade receivables and cash and cash equivalents.

On 31 march 2017, the company holds cash and cash equivalents in the amount of 12.339.438 lei. The cash and cash equivalents are held at banks including: BRD, Unicredit Tiriac, Intesa, ING Bank, GARANTI, CREDIT EUROPE Bank.

The liquidity risk

The liquidity risk is the risk that the company encounters difficulties in meeting the obligations associated with financial liabilities that are settled in cash or by the transfer of another financial asset.

A prudent liquidity risk management policy involves maintaining sufficient cash and cash equivalents, availability of funding through appropriate credit facilities. The company's liquidity policy is to maintain sufficient liquidity to meet its obligations as they reach maturity.

The fair value of financial instruments

The fair value is the amount at which the financial instrument may change in ordinary transactions other than those determined by liquidation or forced sale. The fair values are obtained from quoted market prices or cash flow models as appropriate. On 31 march 2018, the cash and other cash, the customers and the assimilated accounts, the trade payables and other payables are approaching their real value due to their short maturity. The management considers that the estimated value of these instruments is close to their carrying amount.

The capital risk management

The objectives of the company when managing the capital are to maintain the company's ability to continue operating in order to obtain benefits for shareholders and other stakeholders and to maintain an optimal capital structure in order to reduce the cost of capital.

Accounting for the effect of hyperinflation

In accordance with IAS 29 and IAS 21, the financial statements of an entity whose functional currency is the currency of a hyperinflationary economy shall be presented in the current measurement unit at the balance sheet date (non-monetary items are restated using a general price index from the acquisition date or contribution).

According to IAS 29, an economy is considered to be hyperinflationary if, in addition to other factors, the cumulative inflation rate over a three year period exceeds 100%.

The continued decrease in inflation rate and other factors related to the economic environment in Romania indicate that the economy whose functional currency was adopted by the company has ceased to be hyperinflationary, with effect on the financial periods beginning on 1 January 2004, thus IAS 29 was adopted in the preparation of the separate financial statements until 31 December 2003.

Thus, the amounts expressed in the current measurement unit at 31 December 2003 are treated as the basis for the carrying amounts reported in these separate financial statements and are not valued, replacement cost, or any other measurement of the current value of the assets or prices at which the transactions would happen at this time.

For the purpose of preparing the separate financial statements at 31 December 2012, the company adjusted its share capital (non-monetary item) to be expressed in the current measurement unit at 31 December 2003.

Tangible assets

The tangible assets are assets that: are held by an entity for use in the production of goods or the provision of services to be leased to third parties or to be used for administrative purposes and are used for a period longer than one year.

Purchase costs include purchase price, import taxes and other taxes (except those that the legal entity can recover from the tax authorities), transport, handling and other expenses that can be directly attributable to the acquisition of those goods.

The valuation of property, plant and equipment at the balance sheet date is carried at cost, less depreciation and accumulated impairment adjustments, or revalued, being the fair value at the revaluation date, less any cumulative subsequent depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses.

Damping times are as follows:

Buildings and construction40-60 yearsEquipments15-40 yearsMeans of transport5-8 yearsOffice furniture and equipment 3-5 years

Intangible assets

An intangible asset is an identifiable, non-cash asset with no material support and held for use in the production or supply of goods or services to be leased to third parties or for administrative purposes.

An intangible asset fulfills the criterion of being identifiable when:

- is separable, it may be segregated or divided by the entity and sold, transferred, authorized, leased or exchanged either individually or together with an appropriate contract, identifiable asset or identifiable debt, or deriving from contractual or other legal rights, whether those rights are transferable or severable by the entity or other rights and obligations.

The intangible assets acquired by the company are stated at cost less cumulative depreciation and provision for depreciation of intangible assets. The amortization is recognized in the income statement on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful lives of intangible assets. **Receivables**

The commercial receivables are initially recorded at the invoiced amount and subsequently those in foreign currency are valued at the exchange rate communicated by the National Bank of Romania on the last banking day of the month. A depreciation provision is made when there is a clear evidence that the receivables will not be collected at the set time.

Stocks

The stocks are made up of:

- raw materials, materials, spare parts and other consumables to be used in the course of the company's core business.

These materials are recorded as stocks at the time of purchase and are expensed at the time of consumption.

The stocks are measured at the lowest cost and net realizable value. The cost of inventories is determined based on the FIFO method and includes the expense incurred in purchasing the stocks.

Money availability

The cash and cash equivalents include house, current accounts, bank deposits, meal vouchers, stamps and checks and promissory notes received by the company.

The revaluation reserves

After the recognition as an asset, an item of property, plant and equipment whose fair value can be measured reliably, it is accounted for at a revalued amount, that is its fair value at the revaluation date minus any subsequent accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses. To be done with sufficient regularity to ensure that the carrying amount does not differ materially from what would have been determined by using the fair value at the balance sheet date.

If the carrying amount of an asset is increased as a result of a revaluation, this increase should be recorded directly in equity in the item "Revaluation reserves". However, the increase is recognized in profit or loss to the extent that it compensates for a decrease in the revaluation of the same asset previously recognized in profit or loss.

If the carrying amount of an asset is impaired as a result of a revaluation, that decrease is recognized in profit or loss. However, the impairment should be debited directly from equity to the item "Revaluation reserves" in so far as there is a credit balance in the revaluation surplus for this asset.

The revaluation surplus included in the equity of an item of property, plant and equipment is transferred directly to the retained earnings as the revalued tangible assets are depreciated and when the asset is recognizable.

Starting from 1 May 2009, the statutory reserves from the revaluation of fixed assets, including land, after 1 January 2004, which are deducted in the calculation of taxable profit through tax amortization or disposal costs and /or tax at the same time as the deduction of tax depreciation, respectively at the time of decrease of these fixed assets.

Statutory reserves from the revaluation of fixed assets, including land, made up to 31 December 2003 plus the portion of revaluation made after 1 January 2004 for the period ending 30 April 2009, will not be taxed at the time of the transfer to the reserves representing the surplus realized of the revaluation reserves.

The reserves made are taxed in the future in the event of a change in the destination of the reserves in any form, in the event of liquidation, merger, including its use to cover the accounting losses, except for the transfer after 1 May 2009, of the reserves for the evaluations made after 1 January 2004, which are taxed at the same time as deducting tax depreciation.

Social capital

The company recognizes the changes in the share capital under the conditions provided by the legislation in force only after their approval in the General Meeting of Shareholders and their registration with the Trade Registry Office.

Dividends

The dividends are recognized as a liability in the period in which their allocation is approved.

Suppliers and assimilated accounts

The debts to suppliers and other debts include the value of the invoices issued by suppliers of manufactured finished products, executed works and services.

Loans

The loans are initially recognized at fair value, net of transaction costs. Subsequent to initial recognition, the loans are recorded at amortized cost, any difference between cost and reimbursement being recognized in the income statement over the period of the loan.

Profit tax

The profit tax expense comprises current tax and deferred tax. The current and deferred tax is recognized in the income statement unless it is recognized directly in equity or other comprehensive income.

Current tax

The current tax is the tax that is expected to be paid or received for the taxable income or deductible loss incurred in previous years using tax rates adopted or largely adopted at the reporting date and any adjustment to the related tax liability payable of previous years.

Deffered tax

The deferred tax is recognized for the temporary differences that occur between the carrying amount of assets and liabilities used for the purpose of financial reporting and the tax base used for the tax calculation.

The deferred tax assessment reflects the tax consequences that arise from the way the company expects to recover or settle the value of its assets and liabilities at the end of the reporting period. The deferred tax assets are reviewed at each reporting date and are diminished to the extent that they are which is no longer possible to achieve the related tax benefit.

Benefits of the employees

Benefits of short-term employees

The obligations on short-term benefits are assessed without being updated and are recognized as expenses as services are rendered. A provision is recognized at the amount that is expected to be paid for short-term benefits in the form of bonuses or employee participation in profit only if the Company has a present, legal or constructive obligation to pay that amount for past service provided by employees, and this obligation can be estimated at fair value. The benefits of short-term employees are mainly payroll.

In the normal course of business, the company makes payments on behalf of its employees to the pension fund. All the company's employees are members of the Romanian State Pension Plan.

Funding costs

The company does not capitalize the cost of the loans because it does not have long-term loans.

The interest income and interest expense are recognized in the income statement when they are paid.

Subsidies

The subsidies are initially recognized as prepaid earnings at fair value when there is reasonable assurance that they will be received and the company will comply with the grant-related conditions and then are recognized in the income statement as other income over the life of the asset to which it refers. The subsidies are related to assets. The non-reimbursable funds are recognized as assets when there is reasonable assurance that they will be received and the related conditions will be met.

Provisions

A provision is recognized at that time and only when the following conditions are met: the company has a current (legal and implicit) obligation as a result of a past event, it is probable (more likely than unlikely) that an outflow of resources representing economic benefits to be required to settle the obligation, when a fair estimate of the amount of the obligation can be made.

Output per share

In accordance with IAS 33 "Earnings per share", the earnings per share is calculated by dividing the profit or loss attributable to the company's shareholders to the weighted average of the outstanding ordinary shares of the period.

The weighted average of shares in circulation during the exercise is the number of shares at the beginning of the period, adjusted by the number of shares issued, multiplied by the number of months in which the shares were in circulation during the exercise.

The dilution is a reduction in earnings per share or an increase in share losses resulting from the convertibility of convertible instruments, options or warrants are exercised or ordinary shares are issued subject to certain specified conditions. The diluted earnings per share object is consistent with that of the basic share result, namely, to evaluate the interest of each ordinary share in the performance of an entity.

Contingents

The contingent liabilities are not recognized in the accompanying financial statements. These are presented if the outflow of resources embodying economic benefits becomes possible and not probable.

A contingent asset is not recognized in the accompanying financial statements but is presented when an economic benefit is probable.

Reporting on segments

A segment is a distinct component of the company that provides certain products or services (segment of activity) or provides products or services in a particular geographical environment (geographic segment) and which is subject to risks and benefits different from those of other segments.

The company carries out its operations in a single location in Romania. The company's management considers all of their operations as "one segment". Operating segments are examined in a consistent manner by the entity's principal operational decision-maker for making decisions about segment allocation and performance appraisal, and for which distinct financial information is available.

An entity must report revenue from external customers for each product and service, or for similar products or services, unless the required information is not available and the cost of developing it would be excessive, in which case it should be disclosed. The reporting must take into account the financial information used to prepare the entity's financial statements.

Implications of the new International Financial Reporting Standards (SIRF EU)

New standards and interpretations as approved by the European Union

A number of new standards, amendments to standards and interpretations are applicable to annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2012 and have not been applied in the preparation of these separate financial statements. None of the new standards expects to have a material effect on the company's financial statements.

New standards not yet applicable on 31 March 2018

International Accounting Standard (SIC) 19 (2011) Employee Benefits (effective for periods beginning on or after 1 January 2013). This amendment is not relevant to the company's financial statements, as the company's current policy is to immediately recognize earnings and losses in the income statement.

Stocks

On 31 March 2018, compared to 31 Dec. 2017 stocks are presented as follows:

Elements	31 dec 2017	31 march 2018
1. Raw materials and	31.113.632	28.977.108
consumables		
2. Fixed assets held for sale	2.879.712	2.730.663
3. Production under execution	56.327	58.772
4. Finished goods and	11.842.660	9.598.377
commodities		

5.Advances	805.149	1.559.772
TOTAL	46.697.480	42.924.692

Clients and assimilated accounts

On 31 March 2018, compared to 31 December 2018, the clients and assimilated accounts are shown as follows:

Elements	31 dec. 2017	31 march 2018
1. Commercial	24.793.574	32.968.189
receivables		
2. Paid advances	750.909	748.516
3. Other debts	2.883.690	3.208.249
TOTAL	28.428.173	36.924.954

Between 1 January 2018 - 31 March 2018, the company recorded exports as follows: EURO

ENGLAND	766.362,23
BELGIUM	30.700,51
BULGARY	181.447,02
CZECH REPUBLIC	9.496,00
EAU	35.226,29
ESTONIA	7.274,76
FINLAND	88.900,14
FRANCE	411.524,57
GERMANY	1.050.062,84
GREECE	20.452,00
IRELAND	34.094,00
ITALY	192.487,94
LITHUANIA	8.922,18

9.874,59
524.247,51
20.204,16
87.887,50
5.679,24
730.725,82
17.935,00
21.237,03
4.254.741,33

Financial assets available for sale

On 31 March 2018, as compared to 31 December 2017, short-term investments are as follows:

Elements	31 dec. 2017	31 march 2018
Short-term	14.397	14.397
investments		
TOTAL	14.397	14.397

The balance on 31 March 2018 in the amount of 14.397 lei is the equivalent of the shares acquired in previous years from IFB Invest Tg-Jiu, which in the meantime dissolved.

The share of financial assets for sale in the company's capital is insignificant.

The company does not hold interests in other companies. In this respect, the company has not received dividends from other companies.

Prepayments

On 31 March 2018, compared to 31 December 2017, prepayments are as follows:

Elements	31 dec. 2017	31 march 2018	
Prepayments	321.448	322.325	

The balance on 31 March 2018 in the amount of 322.325 lei, represents the expenses made in advance for: insurance in favor of the banks for the granted credits, automobile diagrams, vocational training courses, rents paid in advance for renting various equipment.

Cash and cash equivalents

On 31 March 2018, as compared to 31 December 2017 cash and cash equivalents are presented in this way:

Elements	31 dec. 2017	31 march 2018
Current accounts at	6.061.228	11.871.965
banks and deposits		
Cash - lei	1.656	9.312
Cash - foreign		
currency		
Other equivalents in	231.248	458.161
cash		
TOTAL	6.294.132	12.339.438

Social capital

On 31 March 2018 and 31 December 2017, the share capital includes the effects of the restatements recorded in previous years, according to the application of the "SIC" 29 "Financial Reporting in Hyperinflationary Economies. Reconciliation of social capital is as follows:

Social capital (nominal value) 22.390.413

Differences related to the retratation according to SIC 29 89.052.449

The balance of social capital (restated)

At the end of each reporting period, the subscribed and paid-up share capital of the company in the amount of 22.390.413 lei is divided into 8.956.165 ordinary shares with a nominal value of 2,5 lei per share and corresponds to the one registered with the Trade Registry Office.

111.442.862

The shareholding structure on 31 March 2018 is as follows:

Shareholders	Nominal value	Number of	Total value	% of the
	per share	shares held		social capital
ASSOCIATION OF	2,50	6.968.820	17.422.050,00	77,8103%
THE EMPLOYEES				
PAS ARTEGO				
Individual	2,50	1.132.901	2.832.253,00	12,6494%
shareholders				
Other legal entities	2,50	854.442	2.136.105,00	9,5403%
THE ROMANIAN	2,50	2	5,00	0,0000%
STATE THROUGH				
THE AUTHORITY				
FOR THE				
ADMINISTRATION				
OF STATE ASSETS				
TOTAL	2,50	8.956.165	22.390.413,00	100,000%

Legal reserves

The legal reserves amount to 4.974.689 lei at 31 march 2018 of which the deductible reserve is in the amount of 4.478.083 lei.

Revaluation reserves

The revaluation reserve is in the amount of 29.246.480 lei at 31 march 2018.

Other reserves

On 31 march 2018, compared to 31 December 2017, other reserves recorded the following levels::

 Elements
 31 dec. 2017
 31 march 2018

Other reserves	16.492.991	12.023.072
Total	16.492.991	12.023.072

The amount of 4.469.919 lei with which other reserves were reduced represents the coverage of the redemption loss of the shares.

Other elements of own capital

On 31 March 2018, the amount of 922.214 lei is the deferred tax related to revaluations in the balance after 1 January 2004, decreased by deferred tax related to revaluation amortization recorded on cost in the first three months of 2018.

Investment grants

The advance receipts are represented by the receipts received for non-reimbursable investments for the project carried out in the previous years through the economic competitiveness growth axis and record the following descending levels to the full depreciation of the commissioned objectives, as follows:

Elements	31 dec. 2017	31 march 2018
1. Investment grants	665.321	575.946
Total	665.321	575.946

Short-term loans

The company has credit lines at GARANTI, UNICREDIT, INTESA, ING BANK and CREDIT EUROPE BANK in lei as follows:

	31.12.2017		31.12.2017 3		31.03	.2018
Bank	Approved Used		Approved	Used		
GARANTI lei	1.000.000	1.000.000	1.000.000	1.000.000		
UNICREDIT lei	28.300.000	25.319.139	28.300.000	27.500.596		
INTESA lei	11.000.000	9.863.398	11.000.000	10.724.162		
ING BANK lei	1.800.000	1.697.659	1.400.000	1.293.963		
CREDIT EUROPE	8.900.000	4.076.202	8.900.000	8.070.761		
lei						

Long-term loans

The company does not have long-term loans with banks or other financial institutions.

Output per share

On 31 March 2017, as compared to 31 March 2016, the earnings per share is:

	31 march 2017	31 march 2018
Profit of the period Number of ordinary shares at	2.124.178	1.569.114
the beginning and the end of the period	9.949.377	8.956.165
The base and diluted earnings per share result (lei/share)	0,213	0,175

Other taxes and obligations for social insurance

Elements	31 march 2018
1. State budget	669.765
- tax on profit	331.107
- tax on dividends	-
- tax on salaries	255.651
- the insurance contribution for the work	83.007
- VAT on payment	-
- interests	-
- penalties	-

2. Special fund budgets	410.417
- CASS	368.047
- average fund	38
- solidarity fund for people with disabilities	42.332
3. Social security budgets	923.193
- CAS	923.193
- 0,5% unemployment	-
- 0,75% unemployment	-
- 0,214% accidents fund	-
4. Other taxes, fees, payments	-

Revenues from exploitation

Elements	31 march 2017	31 march 2018
Sold production	27.777.813	36.232.226
Revenues from sale of goods	613.523	699.122
Commercial discounts granted	35.593	65.427
Revenues related to the cost of product stocks	9.165.236	364.693
Revenues from the production of fixed assets	411.910	6.242
Revenues from fixed assets for sale	-	192.951
Other revenues from exploitation	338.705	419.986
Total revenues from exploitation	38.271.594	37.849.793

Expenses from exploitation

Elements		31 march 2017	31 march 2018
Expenses on raw materials	and	22.788.424	20.885.135
consumables			

Other material expenses	147.853	132.654
Other external costs (energy and	1.404.088	1.450.492
water)		
Expenditure on goods	541.569	637.202
Trade discounts received	-	600
Expenses with the staff of which:	7.844.934	9.222.333
- Salaries and allowances	6.376.051	8.870.577
- Insurance and social protection	1.468.883	351.756
Adjustment of tangible assets of	1.169.691	1.203.908
which:		
-Expenses	1.169.691	1.203.908
-Revenues	-	-
Current active adjustments of which:	1.410	-
-Expenses	1.892	-
-Revenues	482	-
Other operating expenses of which	1.618.107	1.955.168
Expenses on external benefits	1.160.482	1.250.369
Expenses with other taxes and fees	289.080	404.721
Expenses on assets	21.935	155.487
immobilized for sale		
Other expenses	146.610	144.591
Total expenses for exploitation	35.516.076	35.486.292

Result from exploitation

Elements	31 march 2017	31 march 2018
Result from exploitation (Profit)	2.755.518	2.363.501
Total Profit from exploitation	2.755.518	2.363.501

Net financial result

Elements				31 march 2017	31 march 2018
Revenues fluctuations	from	exchange	rate	240.994	60.997

Interest revenues	5.451	3.911
Other financial revenues	194	(1.004)
Total financial revenues	246.639	63.904
Interest expenses	258.151	398.438
Other financial expenses	258.219	143.124
Total financial expenses	516.370	541.562
Net financial result (Loss)	(269.731)	(477.658)

Fiscal legislative framework

The legislative and fiscal framework in Romania and its implementation in practice are frequently changing and subject to different interpretations by various control bodies. The business tax returns are the subject of revision and correction of tax authorities, generally for a period of five years after the date of their completion. The management considers that it has properly recorded the tax liabilities in the attached financial statements, however, there is a risk that the tax authorities will adopt different positions regarding the interpretation of these issues. Their impact could not be determined at this time.

Guarantees

The Company on 31 March 2018 mortgages the following assets in favor of the financing banks to which it has committed credit lines as follows:

INTESA SANPAOLO BANK

- SITUATION OF REAL ESTATE PROPERTIES -

CADASTRAL	REAL ESTATE PROPERTY (LAND + CONSTRUCTION) - DESCRIPTION
NO	

1315/2/1/1/1/4	- land area of 11.243 sqm + self-metrology platform made up of:						
CF 41172	1. storage - 254,62 mp (C15);						
	2. toilet -6,30 mp (C16);						
	3. loaded extinguisher station - 56,97 mp (C17);						
	4. workshop - 619,46 mp (C28);						
	5. metrology laboratory - 134,59 mp (C29);						
	6. drinking water station - 99,73 mp (C30);						
	7. drinking water basin - 146,17 mp (C31);						
	8. metal storage - 106,87 mp (C60);						
	9. storage -146,17 mp (C70);						
	10. auto workshop - 359,24 mp (C73);						
1315/2/1/1/1/7	- land area of 18.910 mp + constructions:						
CF 40067	locker room -199,59 mp (C54);						
01 1000/	2. silo raw material - 195,60 mp (C55);						
	3. mixtures and annexes workshop - 437,91 mp (C58);						
	4. hot water station and condensate recirculation - 48,88 mp (C57);						
	5. monobloc hall -10.808,88 mp (C56/2/1);						
	5. storage - 2.225,98 mp (C69).						
	-						
1315/2/1/1/1/9	-land area of 4.114 mp + constructions:						
CF 41169	1. finished warehouse - 657,25 mp (C56/4).						
1315/2/1/1/1/10	-land area of 1.575 mp + constructions:						
CF 41170	1. Administrative group gate 3 - 123,44 mp (C63).						
1315/2/1/1/1/11	-land area of 22.150 mp + constructions:						
CF 41165	1. monobloc hall - 4.739,39 mp (C56/3);						
	2. storage -95,55 mp (C61);						
	3. rolling bridge - 811,12 mp (C62).						
1							

UNICREDIT TIRIAC BANK

- SITUATION OF REAL ESTATE PROPERTIES -

CADASTRAL	REAL ESTATE PROPERTY (LAND + CONSTRUCTION) - DESCRIPTION					
<i>NO</i> .						
1315/2/1/1/2	-land area of 20.616 mp + constructions:					
CF 40066	1.transport bands hall (C56/1).					

3003 CF 41266	-land area of 15.446 mp with Jiu Capture Station consisting of: pump room, dosing tower, water settling basins 1 and 2, water treatment plants, filters + annexes, thermal power station, gate cabin, located in Tg Jiu, Vădeni district.				
1315/1 CF 41260	-land area of 2.262,39 mp with administrative office P + 4, located in Tg Jiu, Ciocârlău street, no. 38.				
1315/2/1/1/5 CF 41270 1315/2/1/1/6 CF 41263	-land area of 996 mp with bread workshop (C11/2) -land area of 1.063 mp with milk workshop (C11/1), located in Tg Jiu, Ciocârlău street, no. 38.				
1315/2/1/2 CF 40061	-land area of 13.589 mp with regenerated rubber section (C6);				
1315/2/1/3 CF 41264	-land area of 6.361 mp with hall molds and annexes (C9), located in Tg Jiu, Ciocârlău street, no. 38.				

UNICREDIT TIRIAC BANK

CADASTRAL no.	REAL ESTATE PROPERTY (LAND + CONSTRUCTION) - DESCRIPTION			
1315/2/1/1/1/1 CF 47077	-land area of 15.736 mp + constructions: 1. fuel pump station - 114,76 mp (C2); 2. solvent pump station - 37,18 mp (C4); 3. foaming station - 88,30 mp(C5).			
1315/2/1/1/1/2 CF 44426	-land area of 14.478 mp + constructions: 1.toilet - 4,13 mp C3 2.storage - 81,27 mp C38 3. industrial hall - 119,85 mp (C39); 4.storage - 484,78 mp (C65); 5. storage - 111,31 mp (C66); 6. storage - 360,73 mp (C67); 7- storage - 44,72 mp (C68).			

1315/2/1/1/1/6	-land area of 6.843 mp + constructions:
CF 47076	1.workshop - 651,14 mp (C18)
	2. workshop - 626,59 mp (C19)
	3. school lab -384,47 mp (C20)
	4.toilet - 12,93 mp (C21)
	5.basin -88,76 mp (C22)
	6.basin - 26,3 mp (C23)
	7.storage (C58)
	8. auto workshop - 359,245 mp (C73)

CREDIT EUROPE BANK

- SITUATION OF REAL ESTATE PROPERTIES -

NR. CADASTRAL	REAL ESTATE PROPERTY (LAND + CONSTRUCTION) - DESCRIPTION (REAL ESTATE RANK I AND II)
1315/2/1/1/3 CF 39568	- land area of 1.271 mp with administrative group consisting of two buildings (C1 with ground surface built by 161,32mp and C2 With ground surface built by 151,81mp), located in Tg Jiu, Ciocârlău street, no. 38.
1315/2/1/1/4 CF 37455	-land area of 6.705 mp with Oxygen factory (C1), located in Tg Jiu, Ciocârlău street, no. 38.
1315/2/1/1/7 CF 39567	- land area of 1.859 mp with tailoring section (C1)+gate group, with ground surface built by 667,87mp located in Tg Jiu, Ciocârlău street, no. 38.
1315/2/1/1/9 CF 39579	- land area of 5047 mp with reconditioned drums section (C59), located in Tg Jiu, Ciocârlău street, no. 38.
1315/2/1/1/10 CF 39564	- land area of 3.744 mp, located in Tg Jiu, Ciocârlău street, no. 38.
1315/2/1/1/1/8 CF 39562	- land area of 9.538 mp with construction C1-Industrial hall- Section of gaskets with ground surface of 6.429,15 mp , located in Tg Jiu, Ciocârlău street, no. 38.
1315/2/1/1/1/3	- land area of 9.280 mp + constructions:
CF 47078	1. demineralization station (C1)
	2. demineralization station annexes (C2)
	3. demineralization station basin (C3)
	4.locker room (C4) 5. heating plant (C5)
	6.compressor station storage (C6)

1315/2/1/1/1/5	-land area of 17.758 mp + constructions:
CF 41246	1.basin (C1)
	2. pump house (C2)
	3.basin (C3)
	4. heating plant (C4)
	5. industrial construction (C5)
	6. trafo post (C6)
	7. recirculated water basin (C7)
	8. cooling tower (C8)_
	9. pump station (C9)
	10. cooling tower (C10)
	11. industrial and public construction (C11)
	12. industrial and public construction (C12)
	13. industrial and public construction (C13)
	14. industrial and public construction (C14)
	15. industrial and public construction (C15)
	16. chlorination Station (C16)
	17.metal storage (C18)

ING BANK

- SITUATION OF REAL ESTATE PROPERTIES -

CADASTRAL no.	REAL ESTATE PROPERTY (LAND + CONSTRUCTION) - DESCRIPTION			
1315/1/1/1/12 CF 47071	land area of 3611 mp with a construction of 16,67 mp (weighing cabin)			
1315/2/1/1/8 CF 39574	land area of 531 with a construction of 215,14 mp (commercial space)			
4327 CF 47079	- land area of 1000 mp			
4296 CF 47074	land area of 4760 mp with a construction of 12,42 mp (deep well)			
3201 CF 39572	- land area of 10073,17 mp			
37200 CF 37200	- land area of 1395 mp			
37202 CF 37202	- land area of 9632 mp			

Situation of disputes in progress

	S.C. ARTEGO S.A	A complainant			
crt. No	File no.	Complainant society	Object	Request/ The requested amount	File stage/ Observations
1	3319/95/2010	Vectra Impex Targu- Jiu	Insolvency procedure	- admission to the debtor's creditor' s mass with the amount of 300.000 lei	- ongoing; we were admitted to the credentials table with the sum of 300.000 lei from which we recovered the amount of 38.645 lei during the judicial reorganization; continue the bankruptcy procedure
2	8207/62/2011	CET Brasov	- admission to the debtor's creditor' s mass with the amount of 46.887,93 lei	- ongoing; we were admitted to the credentials table with the sum of 46.887,93 lei ; continue the bankruptcy procedure	- on going ; -admission to the debtor's creditor' s mass with the amount of 46.887,93 lei
3	60833/3/2011	Munplast Bucuresti	Insolvency procedure	- admission to the debtor's creditor' s mass with the amount of 19.457,81 lei	- ongoing; we were admitted to the credentials table with the sum of 19.457,81 lei, from which we recovered the amount of 5.000 lei during the judicial reorganization; continue the bankruptcy procedure
4	4163/95/2012	Gastrom Group Targu -Jiu	Insolvency procedure	- admission to the debtor's creditor' s mass with the amount of 52.777,37 lei	- ongoing; we were admitted to the credentials table with the sum of 52.777,37 lei; continue the bankruptcy procedure

5	887/90/2013	Oltchim Ramnicu-	- admission to the	- ongoing;	- ongoing ;
5	00119012013	Valcea	debtor's creditor' s	we were admitted	-admission to the debtor's
			mass with the	to the credentials	creditor' s mass with the amount
			amount of	table with the sum	of 19.946,68 lei
			19.946,68 lei	of 19.946,68 lei;	
			,	continue the	
				bankruptcy	
				procedure	
6	7888/95/2013	Juliette Best Bakery	Insolvency	- admission to the	- ongoing;
		Prod Targu-Jiu	procedure	debtor's creditor' s	we were admitted to the
			-	mass with the	credentials table with the sum of
				amount of 6.627,60	6.627,60 lei; continue the
				lei	bankruptcy procedure
7	9089/101/2013	Autonomous Registry	Insolvency	- admission to the	- ongoing;
		for Nuclear Activities	procedure	debtor's creditor' s	-we were admitted to the
		Severin		mass with the	credentials table with the sum of
				amount of	1.439.815,78 lei; continue the
				1.439.815,78 lei	bankruptcy procedure
8	2570/63/2014	Energy Services	Insolvency	- admission to the	- ongoing;
		Oltenia Craiova	procedure	debtor's creditor' s	we were admitted to the
				mass with the	credentials table with the sum of
				amount of 2.486,37	2.486,37 lei; continue the
				lei	reorganization procedure
9	28428/3/2014	CFR IRLU S.A.	Insolvency	- admission to the	- ongoing;
		Maintenance and	procedure	debtor's creditor' s	we were admitted to the
		Repair of		mass with the	credentials table with the sum of
		Locomotives and		amount of	41.524,48 lei, from which we
		Machinery Bucharest		41.524,48 lei	recovered the amount of 5.120
					lei ; continue the reorganization
10	500/05/2015	C M. C	T1	. 1	procedure
10	528/95/2015	Succes Nic Com	Insolvency	- admission to the	- ongoing;
		Targu - Jiu	procedure	debtor's creditor' s	we were admitted to the
				mass with the	credentials table with the sum of
				amount of	34.155,80 lei; continue the
				34.155,80 lei	bankruptcy procedure
11	2575/85/2015	Ambient Sibiu	Insolvency	- admission to the	- ongoing;

12	2520/05/2015		procedure	debtor's creditor' s mass with the amount of 1.240 lei	we were admitted to the credentials table with the sum of 1.240 lei; continue the bankruptcy procedure
12	3520/95/2015	Ignifug Prest Targu- Jiu	Insolvency procedure	- admission to the debtor's creditor' s mass with the amount of 4.783,92 lei	- ongoing; we were admitted to the credentials table with the sum of 4.783,92 lei; continue the bankruptcy procedure
13	1396/90/2016	CET Govora Rm. Valcea	Insolvency procedure	- admission to the debtor's creditor' s mass with the amount of 1.665.256,19 lei	- ongoing; we were admitted to the credentials table with the sum of 1.665.256,19 lei; continue the bankruptcy procedure
14	5114/95/2016	Installations for Mining Utilities	Insolvency procedure	- admission to the debtor's creditor' s mass with the amount of 41.307,71 lei	- ongoing; we were admitted to the credentials table with the sum of 41.307,71 lei; continue the bankruptcy procedure
15	7603/2/2016	National Agency for Fiscal Administration - General Directorate for the Administration of Large Contributors Bucharest	Cancelling administrative act	-cancelling fiscal administrative act	 Appeal against the Senate issued by the Bucharest Court of Appeal; the file is pending at the High Court of Cassation and Justice in the filter procedure
16	21659/3/2016	National Agency for Fiscal Administration - General Directorate for the Administration of Large Contributors Bucharest	Tax administrative act appeal	- obliging the petitioner to pay the amount of 1.256.342 lei	 appeal against the Sentence pronounced by the Bucharest Court of Appeal; the file is pending at the High Court of Cassation and Justice in the filter procedure

Nr.	File no.	Defendant society	Object	Request/	Stage file /
crt.			-	The requested	Notifications
				amount	
1	5728/95/2017*	Golea Marin	Money rights	- Obligation of the	- ongoing ;
				parties to pay	the court has accepted the
				indemnities to the	action; with appeal within 30
				special administrator	days of the communication of
				of C.S. Pandurii	the decision
				Lignitul Targu-Jiu	
2	6274/95/2017	Sports Club Pandurii	claims	- obliging parties to	- ongoing ;
		Tg-Jiu		pay membership fees	trial date - 03.04.2018
		-			

Affiliated Parties

The company has no affiliated parties.

Subsequent events

After the reporting of 31 March 2018, there were no events whose effects were significant and influenced by the current financial statements.

Information on employees and members of the management, management and supervisory bodies

SC ARTEGO S.A. operates, is managed and organized according to the provisions of Law 31/1990 republished - regarding the commercial companies.

Being a joint stock company, it is headed by the General Assembly of Shareholders and administered by a Board of Directors consisting of 5 members, of which 1 executive member and 4 non-executive members, who are not part of the management of other companies.

Other informations

SC ARTEGO S.A. was established in accordance with Law 31/1990, based on Government Decision no.1224 / 1990 and was registered at the Trade Registry Office under no. J18 / 1120/1991, with fiscal code RO2157428.

SC ARTEGO S.A. is a wholly private equity company, the majority shareholder being the "PAS ARTEGO" Employees Association, which owns 77,8103% of the share capital.

The determination of the profit tax took into account the provisions of Law 227/2015 with subsequent amendments and GD 1/2016 for the approval of the Methodological Norms for the application of Law 227/2015 regarding the tax code from which:

- late payment increases due to late payment of debts;

- the expenses for the protocol, which exceed the limits provided by the Fiscal Code;

- amounts exceeding the limits of expenditure considered deductible;

- sponsorship expenses, according to Law 32/1994;

- amounts used for the establishment of reserves according to Law 31/1990 republished.

SC ARTEGO SA TG-JIU

Individual Financial Statements

The statement of changes in equity for the year ended at 31 DECEMBER 2017 and 31 MARCH 2018

(All amounts are expressed in RON, unless otherwise specified)

	Social capital	Social capital adjustments	Profit or Loss	Legal reserve	Revaluation reserve	Other reserves	Reported result	Result IAS29	Losses related to equity instruments	Other elements of own capital	Own shares	TOTAL
Balance at 01 january 2017	24,873,443	89,052,449	5,149,820	4,974,689	29,285,945	10,041,455	5,607,302	-89,052,449	0	995,481	-1,515	80,926,620
Global result of the period												
The profit of the exercise			6,134,163									6,134,163
Other elements of the global result of which:												
Surplus from revaluation of tangible assets												
Decrease of the reserve from revaluation-deferred					25.450					50.000		04.045
tax recording Total other elements of the					-35,156					-58,889		-94,045
overall result					-35,156					-58,889		-94,045
Total global result of the period			6,134,163		-35,156					-58,889		6,040,118
Other elements												
Resume of revaluation reserve to retained earnings							35,156					35,156
Increase legal reserve												
Other elements			- 5,149,820			6,451,536	- 1,301,716		0		- 6,951,434	-6,951,434
Total other elements			- 5,148,820	0		6,451,536	- 1,266,560		0		- 6,951,434	-6,916,278
Transactions with shareholders recognized directly in own capital												
Distribution of dividends							-					-3,142,013

							3,142,013					
Total transactions with							-					
owners							3,142,013					-3,142,013
Balance at 31 DECEMBER											-	
2017	24,873,443	89,052,449	6,134,163	4,974,689	29,250,789	16,492,991	1,198,729	-89,052,449	0	936,592	6,952,949	76,908,447
Balance 01.01.2018	24,873,443	89,052,449	6,134,163	4,974,689	29,250,789	16,492,991	1,198,729	-89,052,449	0	936,592	- 6,952,949	76,908,447
Total global result of the period												
The profit of the exercise			1,569,114									1,569,114
Other elements of the			1,000,111									2,000,221
global result of which:												
Surplus from revaluation of tangible assets												
Decrease of the reserve												
from revaluation-deferred												
tax recording					-4,309					-14,378		-18,687
Total other elements of the												· · · · ·
overall result					-4,309					-14,378		-18,687
Total global result of the period			1,569,114		-4,309					-14,378		1,550,427
- •												
Other elements												
Resume of revaluation reserve to retained												
earnings							4,309					4,309
Increase legal reserve							4,309					4,309
			-									
Other elements			6,134,163			-4,469,919	6,134,163		4,469,919			0
Total other elements			- 6,134,163			-4,469,919	6,138,472		4,469,919			4,309
Transactions with												
shareholders recognized												
directly in own capital	-2,483,030								-4,469,919		6,952,949	0
Distribution of dividends												
Total transactions with												
owners	-2,483,030								-4,469,919		6,952,949	0
Balance at 31 MARCH									0			
2018	22,390,413	89,052,449	1,569,114	4,974,689	29,246,480	12,023,072	7,337,201	-89,052,449	0	922,214	0	78,463,183

SITUATION OF TREASURY FLOWS AT 31 march 2018

INDICATORS LEI (RON)	ACCOMPLI SHED 2017	ACCOMPLI SHED 31.03.2018	
A.LIQUIDITY AT THE BEGINNING OF THE PERIOD	6.106.780	6.294.132	
In accounts	6.010.229	6.061.228	
Cash	4.864	1.656	
Other Values	90.017	231.248	
Treasury advances	-	-	
Values to receive	1.670	-	
Encashments from the exploitation activity	206.905.915	40.989.718	
Customer encashments	161.420.842	31.627.442	
Other encashments	45.485.073	9.362.276	
PAYMENT FOR THE EXPLOITATION ACTIVITY	204.365.493	34.554.552	
Provider payments	154.046.722	21.478.939	
Payments for staff	25.389.742	8.158.917	
Payments on taxes and fees	16.217.247	3.591.266	
Tax / Advantage	1.288.968	387.988	
Interest payments	1.073.181	398.438	
Other payments	6.349.633	539.004	
CASH FLOW FROM THE EXPLOITATION ACTIVITY	2.540.422	6.435.166	
PROCEEDS FROM THE INVESTMENTS ACTIVITY	668.647	288.590	
Proceeds from the sale of land, fixed assets and intangible assets	668.647	288.590	
Proceeds from the sale of equity instruments and receivables from other enterprises	-	-	
Proceeds from repayment of advances and loans to other parties	-	-	
PAYMENT FROM THE INVESTMENTS ACTIVITY	3.021.717	678.450	
Payments for the acquisition of land, fixed assets and intangible assets	3.021.717	678.450	
Proceeds for the acquisition of equity instruments and receivables of other enterprises	-	-	

Advances and loans made to other parties	-	-
CASH FLOW FROM THE INVESTMENT ACTIVITY	-2.353.070	-389.860
PROCEEDS FROM THE FINANCING ACTIVITY	-	-
PAYMENTS FOR THE FINANCING ACTIVITY	-	-
CASH FLOW FROM THE FINANCING ACTIVITY	-	-
CASH FLOW - TOTAL	187.352	6.045.306
B. LIQUIDITIES AT THE END OF THE PERIOD	6.294.132	12.339.438
In accounts	6.061.228	11.871.965
Cash	1.656	9.312
Other Values	231.248	442.609
Treasury advances		15.552
Values to receive	-	-

ECONOMIC AND FINANCIAL INDICATORS

Indicator	Calculation method	Result		
1. Current liquidity	Current assets / current liabilities	92.525.806/62.738.912=1.48		
indicator				
2. Indicator of indebtedness	Borrowed capital / own capital	No loans are contracted for over		
	x 100	a year		
	Borrowed Capital / Employed			
	Capital x 100			
3. Speed of client-to-	Average customer balance / turnover	22.405.313/36.865.921*90=		
customer flows	x 90	54.70		
4. Speed of rotation of	Turnover / Fixed Assets	36.865.921/48.902.392 =0.75		
fixed assets				

1. Provides the guarantee of covering current debts from current assets.

2. Explain the effectiveness of credit risk management, indicating potential financing, liquidity issues, with influences in honoring the commitments assumed.

Borrowed capital = loans over 1 year

Employed capital = borrowed capital + equity

3. Expresses the effectiveness of the company in collecting its receivables, ie the number of days until the debtors pay their debts to the company.

4. Express the effectiveness of asset management by examining the turnover generated by a certain amount of fixed assets.

Statement

According to the stipulations of art.113, item D, paragraph (1), letter c) of the Regulation No. 1/2006 on issuers and securities transactions, we declare that, to our knowledge, the financial statements at 31 March 2018 offers a true and fair view of the assets, liabilities, financial position and profit and loss account. Also, the Report of the Board of Directors, prepared in accordance with the stipulations of Annex no. 31, presents fairly and completely the information about the company.

General Manager, eng. Viorel David

Economic Manager, Ec. Mihai Jianu